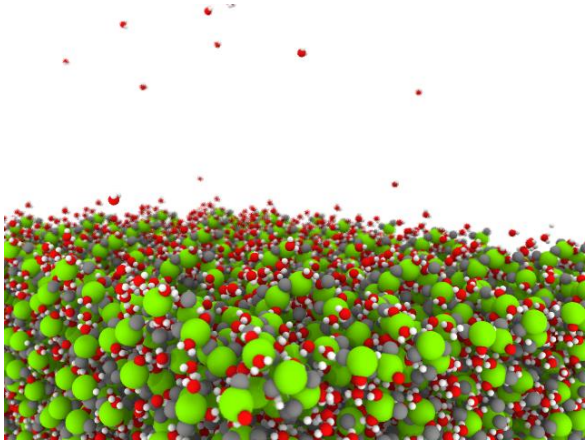
Looking for an interesting, partially abroad, internship/master thesis project on thermochemical energy storage?

In order to promote renewable resources a reliable storage system is necessary. Among different approaches to store energy, thermochemical heat storage is a highly appealing. It is based on a reversible chemical processes, like sorption of water in hygroscopic salts. Salt-hydrates are one of the most relevant materials, because of their availability, costs, operating temperature, and energy density.

The concept of storing heat in a salt hydrate is based on the following three steps. (1) In a charging cycle (endothermic reaction) the salt hydrate adsorbs solar energy and disintegrates into a lower hydrate and water vapor. (2) The water and salt are stored separately. (3) In discharging (exothermic reaction) the dried salt hydrate is recombined with H_2O, and forms a higher hydrate again, which results in a release of heat. This allows one to store heat almost without losses over long periods of time in a compact and efficient way. However, challenges remain related to the materials stabilities and kinetics.

This internship/master thesis project focusses on experimental studies for characterization of new salt for thermochemical energy storage. The experiments will be done in Lleida (Spain), where you will test the applicability of new materials for thermochemical energy storage.

The experiments can be combined with a numerical (Molecular Dynamics) study, to investigate these new salts on a nanoscale level.



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